# COMMITTEE WORKSHOP

BEFORE THE

# CALIFORNIA ENERGY RESOURCES CONSERVATION

# AND DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION

In the Matter of:

Application for
Certification for the Docket No. 00-SPPE-1
GWF POWER SYSTEMS CO.,
INC., Hanford Energy Park Application for Small Power Plant Exemption

Exemption Docket No. 00-SPPE-1

CITY OF HANFORD CIVIC AUDITORIUM

COUNCIL CHAMBERS

400 N. DOUTY STREET

HANFORD, CALIFORNIA

TUESDAY, MARCH 13, 2001 11:00 A. M.

Reported by: Valorie Phillips Contract No. 170-99-001

# STAFF PRESENT

Garret Shean, Hearing Officer

Jack Caswell, Project Manager

Caryn Holmes, Senior Staff Counsel

REPRESENTING THE APPLICANT

John P. Grattan, Esq. Grattan & Galati 800 K Street, Penthouse Suite Sacramento, Ca. 95814

D. W. Wheeler, Vice President GWF Power Systems Company, Inc. 4300 Railroad Avenue Pittsburg, Ca. 94565

David Stein, Project Lead URS Corporation

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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	HEARING OFFICER SHEAN: Okay, good
3	morning, ladies and gentlemen, I'm Garret Shean.
4	I'm a Hearing Officer with the California Energy
5	Commission. We're here this morning for a
6	Committee Workshop.
7	Our purposes are multi-fold. What we're
8	going to do this morning is have an opportunity
9	for the Applicant, GWF Power Systems to make a
10	brief presentation to those of you who are new to
11	this project as to what it is, where it will be
12	and what it will do.
13	We also have a document that is
14	available for review. The Commission staff, which
15	is over here on my right and your left, has
16	prepared an initial study which they went through
17	a public review process with down here at multiple
18	meetings in the community. It had been revised
19	and became finally available in February, I think,
20	on the 16th of February.
21	At that point the Commission Committee
22	that I represent, which is two of the five
23	Commissioners from the Energy Commission,
24	deliberated on the matter and came up with a
25	proposed decision, essentially adopting the

1	staff's	initial	study	and	proposed	negative

- 2 declaration and is making a recommendation to the
- 3 full five-member Board that the Commission accept
- 4 the application for a small powerplant exemption,
- 5 which will then allow GWF to proceed with
- 6 construction with the local permitting. It's
- 7 essentially an exemption from our process.
- 8 At this point what we're trying to do is
- 9 to get comments from the public and any other
- 10 agencies with respect to either the initial study,
- 11 the proposed decision or the project in general
- and that's why we're here in your community. And
- 13 let me say I always love to come to Hanford,
- 14 because I have to at least take one stroll around
- 15 the square, the trek over to the dairy and I'd
- like to, on my behalf, encourage GWF or the folks
- of Hanford to do a little more so we can come
- 18 back.
- 19 (Laughter.)
- 20 HEARING OFFICER SHEAN: At this point
- 21 let me introduce the Applicant's team, they're
- over here to my left. And then after the staff
- introduces itself, we'll get on with their
- 24 presentation.
- Mr. Grattan.

1	MR. GRATTAN: Good morning. Can
2	everyone hear? I'm John Grattan, I'm the
3	Applicant's counsel. To my far right is Doug
4	Wheeler, who is the Manager of this project from
5	GWF, the Applicant. And to my immediate right is
6	Dave Stein from URS Corporation, and Dave Stein
7	led the project team which prepared the
8	application and forth the application.
9	PROJECT MANAGER CASWELL: And to my
10	right is Caryn Holmes, the attorney for the
11	project here. And I'm Jack Caswell, I'm the
12	Project Manager at the California Energy
13	Commission.
14	HEARING OFFICER SHEAN: If you would
15	like, members of the audience, copies either of
16	the revised initial study, they're at the staff
17	table in a yellow cover and we have copies of the
18	proposed decision here.
19	So what we're going to do is have a
20	brief presentation now by the Applicant. We're
21	going to have a little bit of a formal session
22	here where we're going to take into our record the
23	application that they've filed and we'll take into
24	the record the revised initial study from the
25	staff and then we're going to throw the meeting

1	open to you for your comments. We know we've got
2	some members of the public who have come this
3	morning to speak and we will be hearing from you.

4 So, without further ado.

part of the city.

- 5 MR. WHEELER: What we want to do this 6 morning as soon as -- I've got a brief Power Point 7 presentation that describes the project,
- 8 basically.

- 9 The project that is being discussed this
  10 morning is being sponsored by GWF Power Systems.
  11 As you're probably aware GWF currently operates a
  12 facility in Hanford. That facility has been in
  13 operation for approximately ten years and that
  14 plant is located on Idaho Avenue in the southern
- This is an artist's rendering of the
  proposed project. It's a 98.7 megawatt
  cogeneration facility. Let me point out the
  significant pieces to the plant and give you some
  orientation.
- 21 This would be the railroad here. Idaho
  22 would be here. This is the gas turbine. The
  23 facility is natural gas-fired. It uses natural
  24 gas in the combustion turbine that drives a
  25 generator and produces a portion of the

1	electricity. The waste heat from the HRSG or from
2	the combustion turbine exhaust goes into the
3	boiler or, as it's referred to, a heat recovery
4	steam generator.

5 The heat is recovered and converted to
6 steam. You can't really see a good view of it
7 here, but the steam turbine is located here. The
8 steam that's from the boiler passes through the
9 steam turbine and generates an additional, about
10 35 megawatts, bringing the total generation from
11 the steam turbine and the combustion gas turbine
12 to 98.7 net.

The steam condensate is cooled with the cooling tower located here. The transmission interconnect substation is located here.

16 This is a process flow diagram. Again, the gas turbine located here generates 67.6 17 megawatts exhaust flow into the boiler. We have 18 the capability in the plant to fire natural gas 19 through a duct burner in the boiler to generate 20 additional steam that would be used for businesses 21 or companies who may site in the industrial park 22 23 and have a need for steam in their operations.

The SCR catalyst which is used to control oxides of nitrogen or NOx and the

1 oxidation catalyst which is used to control CO and

- 2 VOC or Volatile Organic Carbon emissions is
- 3 located actually in the HRSG. Steam is produced
- from the boiler, again flows through the steam
- 5 turbine, generates steam, the condensate flow to
- 6 the condenser and is cooled through the cooling
- 7 tower.
- 8 MR. DARR: Could I ask you a question on
- 9 that, sir?
- MR. WHEELER: Sure.
- MR. DARR: You said the gas turbine
- 12 produces 67.6 megawatts, right?
- MR. WHEELER: Yes.
- MR. DARR: And the steam turbine 34.4?
- MR. WHEELER: Correct.
- MR. DARR: That's more than 98.
- MR. WHEELER: That's on a gross basis.
- 18 The plant uses electricity within the plant.
- MR. DARR: Oh, okay.
- MR. WHEELER: So the net generation
- leaving the plant would be the 98.7.
- MR. DARR: All right.
- MR. WHEELER: This is a location map.
- 24 Hanford is up here. This is the existing GWF
- site, again located on Idaho. This is the

1	Burlington	Santa	Fe	tracks	here.	Pirelli	located
2	here, Del M	Monte l	nere	e.			

- GWF acquired a ten-acre parcel in the
  industrial park and it's this L-shaped parcel.

  The proposed project will actually be developed on
  five acres of that ten-acre parcel and it's the
  five-acre parcel due east of the existing plant,
  between the existing plant and the railroad
- This is a photograph of the existing

  plant, looking from Idaho Avenue northwest. This

  is the five-acre parcel where the expansion

  project will be developed.

9

tracks.

- This is the same photograph with the 14 15 rendering of the proposed project superimposed. 16 Again, the existing plant over here. This is the gas turbine. This big boxy thing up here is the 17 air intake to the gas turbine. The boiler, this 18 is a better view of the steam turbine and 19 The cooling tower is located here and 20 condenser. the substation located here. 21
- 22 This is just a facility layout of the 23 existing facility located here. Again the 24 railroad tracks, Idaho Avenue, cooling tower, the 25 gas turbine, HRSG steam turbine and the substation

4	
1	interconnect.
_	TILCET COITIECE.

2	The environmental issues have been
3	identified and have been looked at very closely.
4	There are a number of issues that the application
5	dealt with, but the issues that we kind of focused
6	on in our first presentation were air quality
7	impacts, water resource impacts and noise. And
8	again, these aren't all of the impacts, all the
9	impacts have been evaluated in the application by
10	the Energy Commission staff.
11	On air quality, the mitigation measures,
12	again the project will incorporate best available
13	control technology, the guidelines that have been
14	established by the California Air Resources Board
15	for NOx, the combustion turbine will utilize dry
16	low NOx, a dry low NOx combustor which burns gas
17	in a manner that minimizes the oxygen NOx
18	emissions.
19	The HRSG, again, as I pointed out on the
0.0	61 14 411 1 20 1 4

The HRSG, again, as I pointed out on the process flow diagram, will use a low NOx duct burner and will use selective catalytic reduction for NOx control.

We do have an auxiliary boiler which
will use ultra-low NOx burners. Now the auxiliary
boiler you notice is standby only. The purpose

1	for the auxiliary boiler if we develop steam
2	customers that will take steam from this plant we
3	need to make sure that those customers have steam
4	supplies available to them all the time. So, if
5	for some reason, the combustion turbine is down we
6	will be able to satisfy those steam requirements
7	out of that auxiliary boiler.
8	VOC, Volatile Organic Carbons, is
9	another pollutant from the facility. VOC is a
10	precursor. It reacts with NOx in the atmosphere
11	to form ozone, which is the reason why we need to
12	look at VOC emissions and mitigate those
13	emissions.
14	The VOC control is using an oxidation
15	catalyst. It's the same catalyst that's used to
16	control the CO emissions from the facility.
17	CO again uses the oxidation catalyst.
18	Now we can use best available control technology
19	to do the best job we possibly can to reduce the

Now we can use best available control technology to do the best job we possibly can to reduce the emissions coming out of the plant, but there are still emissions and the way the air quality impact is mitigated in this project is through the use of emission reduction credits.

24 Those credits have all been purchased 25 and the credits will be provided at a rate greater

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1
         than a one-to-one. And that ratio is consistent
         with the San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution
 2
 3
         Control District rules and regulations. And those
         ratios, if the ERC is created at less than within
         a 15-mile radius of the plant, the ratio is 1.2 to
 5
         one. If it's greater than 15 miles, it's 1.5.
 6
 7
                   But that's where there's an air quality
 8
         benefit associated with the project. Emissions
 9
         aren't being offset at a ratio of one-to-one,
10
         they're being offset at a ratio of greater than
11
         one-to-one.
12
                   MR. DARR: Emission reduction credits,
13
         who do you buy that from, the County?
                   MR. WHEELER: No, they're actually
14
15
         individuals' companies who have either modified
16
         their operations or shut their operations down.
         And as part of that process they will go to the
17
         Air District and if the Air District feels that
18
         there are air emission reductions that will be
19
         achieved, either by that process change or by the
20
         shut-down of the facility that can be quantified,
21
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24 The Air District maintains a registry.

then they allow that stationary source to bank

The district doesn't own them. They are held

those emissions.

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23

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1 privately, but the registry is maintained by the
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- 2 air district.
- 3 MR. DARR: Who gets the overall monies
- 4 for this?
- 5 MR. WHEELER: That goes to the
- 6 individual, the company who owns emission
- 7 reduction credits.
- 8 MR. DARR: Well, where did they buy it
- 9 from?
- MR. WHEELER: Well, it's their facility
- 11 where the emission reduction credits were
- 12 generated. In other words, as an example, a
- 13 company has a boiler and they install low NOx
- burners, as an example, to reduce the NOx
- 15 emissions. They can go to the district and they
- 16 made the investment to put in the burners and that
- 17 NOx reduction can be banked as an emission
- 18 reduction credit, if the district feels that they
- 19 can quantify those emission reductions.
- 20 MR. DARR: Is this an organization of
- 21 the EPA thing or -- what I'm trying to -- where
- 22 were these bought from originally?
- 23 MR. GRATTAN: These aren't -- if I can
- interrupt here. The credits aren't dollars. The
- 25 credits are tons of emissions that are reduced.

1	MR. DARR: Okay, but where does that
2	start at? Where does it start?
3	MR. GRATTAN: Okay, I own a factory and
4	I'm emitting 50 tons a year. I put on new control
5	technology and I get it down to 25 tons. I have a
6	credit, the air has gotten better by 25 tons less
7	emissions. I can put that in the bank, not the
8	money, but the credits and then GWF comes and
9	purchases those credits.
10	MR. DARR: But where did it start from?
11	MR. GRATTAN: It starts from reducing
12	the pollution
13	MR. DARR: It starts from that, but you
14	have to get it from somebody.
15	HEARING OFFICER SHEAN: Hang on, I think
16	his question is, goes back to, before the entire
17	Clean Air Act regime had started, either
18	agricultural or industrial facilities were
19	constructed without regulation in both the
20	metropolitan areas and here in the valley and they
21	exist by virtue of having gotten in prior to the
22	air quality rules having been adopted.

23 Then you have the implementation of 24 regulation, both at a federal and state level and 25 during that period additional facilities were

1	created. But in order to have a program that
2	overall improves the air quality there are
3	regulations that tell those businesses, they have
4	to ramp down their emissions.
5	Now if they ramp them down more than th

Now if they ramp them down more than the requirements specify, then not only are they cleaning the air but they're making available that extra bit of ramp-down so that there can be continued economic activity and growth with new emission sources that need to come in and provide, for example as this project does, both electricity and steam, but without making the air quality worse.

So the benefit here is that, let's say

Acme Company decides to on its boilers put in low

NOx burners. And now under this regulatory scheme

they're taking their emissions farther down than

they need to, they can sell that credit to GWF.

GWF can construct its facility and by virtue of

this ratio you will always have the air getting a

little bit cleaner all the time until you reach

the attainment level that's in the regulation

program.

MR. DARR: In other words, this
generated from the Energy Commission saying how

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1 much they -- whenever all the emissions and
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- 2 everything, controls came about they allowed each
- 3 plant so much?
- 4 HEARING OFFICER SHEAN: Correct.
- 5 MR. DARR: Is that right?
- 6 HEARING OFFICER SHEAN: Yes, it wasn't
- 7 the Energy Commission.
- 8 MR. DARR: Well, whoever said it.
- 9 HEARING OFFICER SHEAN: Yeah, the
- 10 government.
- 11 MR. WHEELER: It was a federal law.
- MR. DARR: A federal law.
- MR. WHEELER: Yes.
- MR. DARR: Okay, well, that's what I'm
- trying to get, where did it come from to begin
- 16 with. Okay. But do you have to give money to buy
- 17 those credits?
- MR. WHEELER: Yes, we have to purchase
- 19 those credits from the owner of the credits.
- MR. DARR: Well, then that's just an
- 21 asset of the company whenever, during their
- operation, whenever this was all set, that's a
- 23 credit to their benefit and if they can get from
- 24 100 down to 50, whatever it is, you know,
- emissions, and you can go in and buy that 50?

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1 MR. WHEELER: That's correct, it's part
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- of their asset base.
- 3 MR. DARR: And that's just like money in
- 4 the bank to them?
- 5 MR. WHEELER: That's correct, yes, it's
- 6 an asset.
- 7 MR. DARR: Okay, all right, thank you.
- 8 Maybe you don't understand my thinking,
- 9 but --
- 10 MR. WHEELER: No, no, and I think Gary
- 11 offered a very --
- MR. DARR: -- somebody is getting some
- money someplace.
- 14 MR. WHEELER: The other impact area is
- 15 water resources. The proposed project will use
- 16 850 acre feet of water per year. That water is
- 17 used in the cooling tower as make-up, boiler fee
- 18 water make-up for the steam cycle and the
- 19 evaporative cooling on the gas turbine.
- The water supply will be from an
- 21 existing groundwater supply well. As everyone
- 22 knows, the groundwater aquifers in this part of
- the valley are overdrafted and if we simply used
- 24 water from that water supply well, it would just
- 25 make that overdraft condition worse.

1	The mitigation that is being provided to
2	mitigate that overdraft condition, we have
3	purchased state project water entitlements from
4	Angeiola through the Tulare Lake Water Storage
5	District. We've entered into a water exchange
6	agreement with the Boswell Company and we have
7	also put in place a groundwater banking agreement
8	with the Kings County Water District.
9	It's probably best to explain this using
10	a map, but the state project water entitlement
11	that we've acquired will be delivered through the
12	California Aqueduct. It will be taken out through
13	the storage district's turnout located near
14	Kettleman City and will be delivered to Boswell.
15	The exchange agreement with Boswell
16	allows DWF to exchange that water delivered to
17	Boswell here for entitlements they have on the
18	Kings River that will be delivered to the Kings
19	County Water District.
20	The Kings County Water District will
21	then take those Kings River deliveries and deliver
22	that water directly to farmers in the area to
23	offset their groundwater pumping operations or
24	will be sunk in one of the water districts sinking
25	basins.

1	Noise is another potential concern.
2	Baseline noise level studies were conducted prior
3	to the submittal of the application. The project
4	has been designed with noise attenuation built
5	into it and the attenuation design features have
6	been modeled with predicted contribution levels to
7	the receptor sites around the plant.
8	We expected that the noise levels at the
9	sensitive receptors would be less than five dba.
LO	Actually that model indicated that the noise
L1	levels would be less than two dba.
L2	This is a map indicating the location of
L3	the noise measurement taken at the site, again
L4	before the application was prepared. This is the
L5	existing site, but there were noise levels taken
L6	around the site and then at each one of these
L7	receptor sites, and then the noise predicted from
L8	the expansion of the existing facility were
L9	modeled to understand what the predicted impact
20	would be at these sensitive receptors.
21	Once the project is placed into
22	operation one of the conditions that have been
23	imposed by the staff is that we go back and
24	remeasure the noise levels at all these receptors
05	to be gure that those measurements conform with

- 1 the results of the modeling.
- 2 If they don't conform then it's GWF's
- 3 responsibility to mitigate through adding
- 4 additional noise attenuation at the facility to
- 5 bring those receptor noise levels consistent with
- 6 the model results.
- 7 The environmental and the economic
- 8 benefits that we feel are associated with this
- 9 project, it's an addition of a clean, reliable and
- 10 efficient source of energy for the Kings
- 11 Industrial Park. We use natural gas as a fuel
- 12 source and state of the art air pollution controls
- to minimize air emissions.
- 14 Emission offsets for NOx VOC PM10 and CO
- 15 consistent with the air district rules and
- 16 regulations have been provided. "Reduction in the
- 17 potential of hazardous materials exposure by
- 18 converting the existing anhydrous ammonia system
- 19 to aqueous." What that means is the current plant
- is using anhydrous ammonia. That's what's stored
- 21 on-site to reduce the oxides of nitrogen in those
- 22 stack emissions. Going to an aqueous system makes
- any release of ammonia much more manageable and
- 24 significantly reduces the potential impact to the
- 25 neighbors around the plant.

1	So that anhydrous system will be
2	converted to aqueous.
3	Recharging the local aquifer to fully
4	mitigate the groundwater use, as I've previously
5	described, this project would actually use the
6	existing operating and maintenance personnel at
7	the existing facility to operate the expansion
8	project.
9	We estimate that there would be an
10	addition of approximately \$700,000 per year in
11	local property taxes, about \$2.1 million in the
12	purchase of local goods and service during the
13	construction period and an addition of
14	approximately \$30,000 a year in goods and services
15	during operations.
16	And that concludes the presentation.
17	Are there any questions that I can answer?
18	HEARING OFFICER SHEAN: Why don't we
19	MR. DARR: I have one question.
20	HEARING OFFICER SHEAN: All right, sir.
21	Why don't you indicate your name, if you will
22	please, because our reporter here is taking
23	MR. DARR: She has my name, sir,
24	Frederick J. Darr.
25	HEARING OFFICER SHEAN: All right. Mr.

-	_
1	Darr
_	Darr.

- 2 MR. DARR: You used to burn coal out
- 3 there, is that right, when it first started?
- 4 MR. WHEELER: The original project was
- 5 permitted as a coal burning facility, but as a
- 6 result of a settlement agreement with various
- 7 parties and the City of Hanford we converted that
- 8 from coal to petroleum coke and natural gas.
- 9 MR. DARR: I see. Where do you get your
- 10 coke from, sir?
- 11 MR. WHEELER: The petroleum coke comes
- 12 from Bakersfield.
- MR. DARR: Bakersfield.
- MR. WHEELER: From the Texaco refinery.
- MR. DARR: I'm sorry to be such a
- bother, but I'm very interested in this.
- 17 MR. WHEELER: That's fine.
- 18 HEARING OFFICER SHEAN: Okay, at this
- 19 point why don't we have the Applicant offer up its
- 20 application, date of response and other things
- 21 into the record.
- 22 MR. GRATTAN: I'd like to introduce and
- 23 have sworn for the record David Stein from URS
- 24 Corporation.
- 25 HEARING OFFICER SHEAN: Okay.

	•
1	Whereupon
2	DAVID STEIN
3	was called as a witness and having been first duly
4	sworn, was examined and testified as follows:
5	DIRECT EXAMINATION
6	BY MR. GRATTAN:
7	Q Briefly, can you in about four
8	sentences, can you tell us who you are and what
9	your qualifications are?
10	A Sure, my name is David Stein. I'm a
11	Senior Program Manager for URS Corporation and I
12	was responsible for directing the preparation of
13	the application for a small powerplant exemption
14	for the Hanford Energy Park Project as well as all
15	of the supplemental materials that were filed on
16	behalf of the Applicant.
17	Q And just for the record you prepared the
18	application of May 19th?
19	A Yes, I did.
20	Q And you prepared the data request
21	responses which were in August of the year 2000?
22	A Yes, those materials were prepared

Q And the comments on the draft initial

either by myself or under my direction.

25 study of December 21st, 2000, did you prepare

23

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1 those or were they prepared under your
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- 2 supervision?
- 3 A Yes.
- 4 Q And finally the comments on the final
- 5 initial study dated March 7th, did you prepare
- 6 them or were they prepared under your supervision?
- 7 A Yes.
- 8 MR. GRATTAN: That's the extent of our
- 9 testimony.
- 10 HEARING OFFICER SHEAN: All right. Then
- in the absence of an objection, the materials, the
- 12 application, the date of responses and all other
- 13 submittals identified by the Applicant will be
- taken in the record for the purpose of supporting
- the Commission's decision.
- 16 All right, hearing no objections they
- 17 are admitted.
- Now we're going to switch over here to
- 19 the Commission staff and have a brief presentation
- there.
- 21 STAFF COUNSEL HOLMES: Thank you staff's
- 22 witness in this matter is Jack Caswell. He needs
- to be sworn.
- 24 ///
- 25 ///

1	Whereupon
2	JACK CASWELL
3	was called as a witness and having been first duly
4	sworn, was examined and testified as follows:
5	DIRECT EXAMINATION
6	BY MS. HOLMES:
7	Q Mr. Caswell, can you briefly state what
8	your responsibilities are with respect to the
9	Hanford Energy Project?
10	A I'm the Project Manager for the
11	California Energy Commission and I was in lead
12	over the preparation team that put together the
13	staff assessment for this project. I was also
14	responsible for certain individual sections, the
15	executive summary, introduction and the proposed
16	negative declaration, as well as project
17	description.
18	Q So is it fair to say that the initial
19	study was prepared by you under your direction?
20	A Yes.
21	Q Do you have any corrections to the
22	initial study?
23	A Yes, I do. The proposed negative

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declaration has been modified to become a proposed

mitigated negative declaration. The conclusion it

24

draws is the same but there are some specifics

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2	within this newly developed proposed mitigated
3	negative declaration that are more in line with
4	some current statutes.
5	Q So you're removing the proposed negative
6	declarations on page 227 in the initial study?
7	A Yes.
8	Q And substituting the proposed mitigated
9	negative declaration that was mailed to the agency
10	in distribution lists on March 8th?
11	A Yes.
12	Q Do you have any other changes or
13	corrections to the initial study?
14	A Yes, the Applicant submitted comments on

A Yes, the Applicant submitted comments on the initial study and suggested some changes in a document that is dated March 7th, 2001 and we accept those suggested changes to the staff's initial study as they've been presented to us.

19 STAFF COUNSEL HOLMES: I think that 20 concludes staff's presentation.

21 HEARING OFFICER SHEAN: All right, then
22 absent objection we will admit the revised initial
23 study, the amendments to the mitigated negative
24 declaration and the staff's acceptance of the
25 modifications proposed by the Applicant.

1	MK.	GRAITAN.	Τ	nave	one	question	OT	Mr.

- 2 Caswell, if I may.
- 3 HEARING OFFICER SHEAN: Sure.
- 4 CROSS EXAMINATION
- 5 BY MR. GRATTAN:
- 6 Q Mr. Casell, having read and accepted the
- 7 comments on the final initial study, if that's not
- 8 an oxymoron, and the Presiding Member's proposed
- 9 decision, does that in any way change your
- 10 conclusion that the project will have no
- 11 significant impact upon the environment and the
- 12 project will comply with laws, ordinances,
- regulations and standards?
- 14 A No, it will not change anything or any
- conclusions that we've made in the initial study.
- MR. GRATTAN: Thanks.
- 17 HEARING OFFICER SHEAN: All right. We
- now have a complete record and a slightly modified
- initial study or at least the proposed negative
- 20 declaration. And let me just indicate that in the
- 21 notice of this particular workshop we also
- 22 indicated our belief that the full Commission was
- going to be taking this matter up for
- 24 consideration on March 21st. And I guess I have
- 25 to tell you that based upon further legal research

what has been uncovered is the fact that initially
when the Energy Commission was preparing small

3 powerplant exemptions, which this is, this would

4 be back in the early eighties, we essentially took

5 the lead under CEQA in coming up with initial

6 studies followed by negative declarations that had

7 conditions imposed on them.

At that time in the early eighties a negative declaration could not be issued if there were conditions on its issuance, such as the Applicant wasn't supposed to perform certain things. As a result of what the Energy Commission has done that mitigated negative declaration came into existence.

In addition to that there was a program established by statute for the monitoring of compliance with conditions imposed under the California Environmental Quality Act. And what has happened is that the regulations adopted by the Office of Planning and Research, which oversees the state clearing house of CEQA have developed to the point where they have procedures now which go beyond what are in our regulations that were adopted in the eighties and we have a bit of a problem sort of scheduling.

1	So instead of being able to go on March
2	21st, we are making the changes that were sent out
3	on March 8th to be in accord with the schedule
4	that OPR has and we currently have a Special
5	Business Meeting scheduled for April 11th. And
6	I'm attempting to hold together a quorum, since
7	this is between the Commission's biweekly normal
8	business meeting schedule.
9	If we fail in that we will be hearing
10	this on April 18th. But I'd like to indicate at
11	this point that having watched again the
12	Applicant's presentation that GWF is justifiably
13	proud of their project at this point through a lot
14	of hard work with the Energy Commission staff as
15	well as the City of Hanford, your local air
16	quality district and other local agencies. They
17	have managed to, I think, satisfy both the
18	government and it appears to me the citizenry that
19	they have, that they have the best possible
20	project that they could have put together, both
21	from servicing the City of Hanford and the
22	industrial park out there as well as the larger
23	California community in the sense of providing
24	electricity.
25	So they really have been an exemplary

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1 applicant and the record should clearly reflect
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- 2 that.
- 3 We have a request for some speakers at
- 4 this point. Mr. Darr, if you'd like to.
- 5 STAFF COUNSEL HOLMES: Mr. Shean, if I
- 6 could --
- 7 HEARING OFFICER SHEAN: I'm sorry.
- 8 STAFF COUNSEL HOLMES: I'm sorry, if I
- 9 could precede the speakers I just want to let
- 10 people know that there are a series of documents
- 11 that we had to prepare to file with the state
- 12 clearing house and I have copies of them here if
- anybody wants to look at them.
- 14 One is a form that the clearing house
- 15 requires be typed up identifying the type of
- 16 project and a brief description. The other is the
- 17 Energy Commission's notice of intent to adopt the
- 18 proposed mitigated negative declaration and the
- 19 third is the mitigated negative declaration
- 20 itself. So they're available for anybody who
- 21 wants to look at those.
- MR. DARR: I have one question and it
- deals with the noise pollution. And I'm just a
- 24 home owner here in Hanford, but I'm interested in
- 25 GWF, the noise pollution and how you described it,

1	taking all those different points on there, you
2	know. Okay, but how do you determine the noise
3	before the project is finished and completed, how
4	was that determined what the noise pollution will
5	be before the project is done, put in?
6	MR. WHEELER: Well, we took baseline
7	measurements. Those measurements were taken prior
8	to the submittal of the application. That will
9	characterize the noise setting prior to
10	constructing the plant.
11	Now, we can take the noise emitting
12	pieces of equipment within the plant that we're
13	going to build and we can model the impact of that
14	noise contribution at those sensitive receptors
15	that I illustrated on the map.
16	So going in we've got an idea of what
17	the impact will be at those sensitive receptors.
18	And, as I stated, once the plant is in operation,
19	we will come back and redo that. If those
20	measurements do not conform with the modeled
21	results that are part of the record, then GWF will
22	have to mitigate those to levels that are
23	consistent with the findings.
24	MR. DARR: Right. In other words could
25	I say what you're basing this on is maybe possibly

1 another plant that has the same type of noise

- 2 suppressors in it, that is already on line,
- 3 generating?
- 4 MR. WHEELER: Yes, as far as the
- 5 attenuation efficiency that the engineers use they
- do rely on operating plants to come up with those
- 7 levels.
- 8 MR. DARR: Okay, thank you very much. I
- 9 appreciate it.
- 10 HEARING OFFICER SHEAN: Any more, Mr.
- Darr, we're happy to hear from you and we're glad
- 12 you were here.
- MR. DARR: I had some other questions,
- but it doesn't deal with this issue, so I won't
- 15 take up your time.
- 16 HEARING OFFICER SHEAN: Well, thank you.
- 17 Mr. Verboon.
- MR. VERBOON: Good morning. I'm Jim
- 19 Verboon for the record. I'm a member of the Kings
- 20 County Citizens for a Healthy Environment, Board
- of Directors, Member of the California Farm Bureau
- 22 Board of Directors and Kings County Farm Bureau
- 23 Board of Directors.
- 24 And at this time if we have kind of
- short energy supplies obviously our industry is in

1	favor of seeing new powerplants come on line to
2	produce electricity at reasonable rates, without
3	deterioration to the environment, which this
4	project has been very well mitigated and put
5	together.
6	Obviously, number one, we'd like to have
7	hydro, because, you know, it gives us water as
8	well as clean electricity. But in some years like
9	one when it's kind of dry you don't have hydro so
10	you need other sources, so this seems to be a good
11	alternative and the project looks like it will do
12	good for the community and good for our state.
13	Thank you.
14	HEARING OFFICER SHEAN: Thank you.
15	Are there any other members of the
16	audience who'd like to speak?
17	All right, then we're going to prepare
18	to adjourn our meeting.
19	PROJECT MANAGER CASWELL: There is a
20	copy of the initial study, there's five copies
21	here if someone would like one for your own
22	
	personal interest so that you can relate this to
23	the project. And if I could have everyone sign in

record of who was here. You don't have to do

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this, but it would be helpful if you would.
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- 2 Thank you.
- 3 MR. GRATTAN: Maybe a final word. I'd
- 4 like to say here in Hanford, on behalf of the
- 5 Applicant, that it's been a pleasure to work with
- 6 the Hearing Officer and with staff and with the
- 7 city and the citizens here in Hanford. And I want
- 8 to say particularly staff, extremely thorough,
- 9 extremely efficient, and the Energy Commission has
- 10 taken, I think, a bad rap for the fact that we
- don't have powerplants on line. It has nothing to
- do with the Energy Commission and we really
- 13 appreciate the attention this project got from
- 14 staff and the professional way it was handled.
- 15 HEARING OFFICER SHEAN: Well, thank you,
- 16 Mr. Grattan.
- 17 All right. And my words with respect to
- 18 the Applicant are even truer, knowing some of the
- other applicants who are in the business.
- 20 (Laughter.)
- 21 HEARING OFFICER SHEAN: Exemplary.
- 22 All right, with all that glad-handing
- and back-patting, we should just move on and say
- 24 we are extremely happy to have had the opportunity
- 25 to come here to the City of Hanford. Your local

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1
         officials have been very accommodating and we look
 2
         forward to coming back.
 3
                   With that we will see you either on
 4
         April 11th or 18th and conclude this matter.
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         Thank you very much.
 6
                   (Thereupon the hearing was
 7
                   adjourned at 11:50 a.m.)
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# CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

I, VALORIE PHILLIPS, an Electronic

Reporter, do hereby certify that I am a

disinterested person herein; that I recorded the

foregoing California Energy Commission Workshop;

that it was thereafter transcribed into

typewriting.

I further certify that I am not of counsel or attorney for any of the parties to said Workshop, nor in any way interested in the outcome of said Workshop.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 26th day of March, 2001.